BY THE POLICE BOARD.

Thurow to afford her protection from police

ill fame, obtained yesterday three separate

lupreme Court to review the action of the

The three men were tried jointly, after being

served with the charges on what they say was

too short notice. The evidence went to show specifically that Capt. Doherty had received

\$25 in two separate payments from Mrs. Thurow in January and February, 1893, on an agree-

\$25 each month from March to November, 1893,

and that Mechan received two payments of \$25

each in November and December, 1892, both

for the same purpose, from Mrs. Thurow. Capt.

served in that capacity until 1887, when I be-

came a sergeant. I became a Captain in 1890.

and continued in that office until July 26, 1894.

During said periods your petitioner faithfully

and scalously performed the duties of his said

stantial, just, and reasonable cause, but was

illegal and without cause, and that the deter-

mination of said Board in removing your pe-

Althonor was and is erroneous and contrary to

That the only basis for my removal was as follows: In the month of July, 1894, your peti-

tioner received a notice purporting to be signed by the chief clerk of said Board to appear July

19, 1894, and answer charges preferred against

your petitioner for legal offence, neglect of duty, the specifications being that your petitioner on

Hock, whose alleged offences were apart from his own.

The writs were obtained by Abraham Fromme, who had taken part in the trial of these men. The Commissioners have the usual twenty days in which to respond to the writs. Inquisitor John W. Goff got back to town yesterday morning from his camp in the Adirondselss, and instantly the air in the neighborhood of Police Headquarters became surcharged with elements from which it has been more or less free during his absence. In Mr. Goff's own office, too, there was a bustle that told of impending resumption of business by the Lexow machine.

dine.

Off, when asked about his plans and so the committee, seemed inclined to cling

THEY SAY HE TOOK BRIBES,

That my removal was not founded on sub-

"I was appointed a patrolman in 1870, and

nt to afford her protection for a month for

ch sum. It was alleged that Hook received

write of certiorari from Justice Beach of the

Police Commissioners.

Doberty says in his petition:

erference in the maintenance of her house o

Me and Ward Men Hock and Mechan Get Wetts of Certiorart, Alleging that Their Trinis Were Unfair and Their Dismissals

morning. July 1, and arrested his brother, who was tending bar. On the way back from the station house, Ardier says, Lynch said to him:

This thing can be fixed.

Ardier says he gave Lynch \$10, and that in the Yorkville Police Court the next morning his brother was discharged by Justice McMahon. Officer Lynch made the charge simply exposure of the bar, not selling liquor.

Manager O'Brien told the Commissioner that Lynch came into his saloon on Sunday, July 8, and arrested him for violating the Excise law, the fore going to the police station the officer told him that he could make a light charge so that his license would not be revoked. O'Brien says he then gave him \$5, but in the Yorkville Court the next day he was held for trial by Judge McMahon.

Officer Lynch denied the charges. He said that he had made forty excise arrests within a short time, and that the saloon keepers in his precinct were very angry with him for it. He added that a liquor dealer had informed him that at meeting of the Liquor Dealers' Association recently it was determined to try to get him off the force. Against the Evidence Goff is Back He Would Have Police Court Martials, but Thinks "Watch" a Setter Name than "Officer" for a Cop. Stephenson the Only Other Captain Who to Likely to in Tried. Capt, Michael Doherty and his ward men, hn Hock and Bernard Meehan, who were reoved from the police force on July 26 last, rincipally on charges that they had on differ-nt occasions accepted money from Mrs. Augusta

WERE THE BUILDINGS FIRED?

Grand Stand on the Westchester Fair Grounds Barned-Loss 88,000. WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 27 .- At 3 o'cloc this morning the grand stand on the West-chester county fair grounds, a mile west of White Plains, was burned to the ground, together with the judges' stand and paddock and also the band stand. Last Monday night the east wing of the band stand was discovered be on fire, but men on the fair grounds put the flames out with a few pails of water. Last night at 9 o'clock fire was again discovered in the band stand. This time it was in the west end of the building, and again it was extinguished with

a few pails of water.

This morning, at 3 o'clock, Thomas Ward, proprietor of a summer hotel opposite the fair ounds, saw the band stand again on fire; this time it was enveloped in a sheet of flame. The White Plains Fire Department was called into service, but it arrived too late to save any of the burning buildings. Before the firemen could attach a line of hose the judges' stand and paddock, and also the band stand, took fire. There was a strong east wind, and it took their united efforts to save the large cafe and floral hall, leaving the other buildings to burn to the

hall, leaving the other buildings to burn to the ground.

The grand stand had a seating capacity of 3,500 and contained 200 private boxes besides, which had already been sold to the leading society people of this county and many well-known New York people for the annual fair to be held from Sept. 24 to 29. It was valued at \$8,000. There was but \$1,000 insurance on the building, two policies for \$3,000 each having recently expired without renewal. There was no insurance on the band stand or the judges' stand and paddock. Secretary Edward B. Long of the Westchester County Agricultural Society, who is the leasee of the entire grounds and all the buildings, said to night:

"I can assign no purpose for burning the buildings, and I do not think the fire was kindled by an incendiary, as some suspect. There are many men on the premises, and I am inclined to believe that sparks from some of their pipes are responsible for our loss. We will put one hundred men to work immediately to replace the buildings, and you can say that the progress of the fair will not be impeded by the burning of the buildings."

Several gangs of men were put to work at 4 o'clock this morning clearing away the debrie

the buildings."
Several gangs of men were put to work at 4 o'clock this morning clearing away the debris. A new \$10,000 grand stand will take the place of the burned structure, which was erected twenty years ago.

It is the general opinion that the fire was caused by some one who bears a grudge against the rich Westchester County Fair Association, notwithstanding Secretary Long's statment, that it was caused by the careless use of pipes by men on the fair grounds.

CAFE PARTNERS QUARREL.

West and O'Nelli Make Paces at Each Other

19, 1894, and answer charges preferred against your petitioner for legal offence, neglect of duty, the specifications being that your petitioner on or about the 6th day of January and February, 1893, received \$25 from Augusta Thurow and therefor permitted her house to be conducted from Jan. 1, 1895, to November, 1893.

"It was by your petitioner, other witnesses, and documentary evidence, shown that your petitioner was not at the station house on Jan. 6, 1893, between 8 and 0 clock in the evening, when she pretended to have given your petitioner 795. It was proved that, although said Thurow pretended to have paid your petitioner 795. It was proved that, although said Thurow pretended to have paid your petitioner 895. It was proved that, although said Thurow pretended to have paid your petitioner for protection, she received no protection, and that efforts had been made to break up her busitess, and to close all disorderly houses with due Siligence. Her claim that money was paid to your petitioner was false, and the evidence of this self-confessed brothel-house keeper was without corroboration.

"That the Commissioners repeatedly violated the legal rights of your petitioner in many ways: by trying him jointly with two other members of the force as evidence against your petitioner as if the charges affected all the defendants equally: by admitting acts of misconduct of members of the force not on trial, and some of which acts occurred while your petitioner was in Europe: by allowing an inquisitorial cross-examination regarding the family, private affairs, and property of your petitioner during a period of more than twenty years before the acts covered by the charges; by refusing to give your petitioner furning a period of more than twenty years before the acts covered by the charges; by refusing to give your petitioner.

"The trial was conducted illegally and on false charges, and testimony was taken and evidence was produced which did not constitue competent proof to warrant the removed to the petitions of Hock in Affidavits-A Receivership. Justice Beach has granted an application for a receiver pending a suit brought by Charles West to dissolve his partnership with John O'Neill in the café and restaurant business at 2,287 Eighth avenue. O'Neill, who was proprietor of the café and hotel, rented the restaurant privileges to West for five years, beginning June 24 last. West was to be entitled to fourfifths of the profits of the restaurant and was to bear four-fifths of the losses, and O'Neill was to have a one-fifth interest in the same. It was also agreed that West should keep O'Neill's lunch counter replenished with salads, for which O'Neill was to pay \$5 a week. West was to get 10 per cent, of the sales over O'Neill's bar. West now alleges that he has never been able to get his share of the profits, and that he was compelled to close up his restaurant on Aug. 16 because O'Neill refused to supply the liquors as agreed. West also charges that O'Neill's Hotel, which was represented to him as a respectable house, i's disorderly house, and he says that the Police Captain of that precinct warned him not to allow couples to enter the premises through the restaurant. was to have a one-fifth interest in the same. It the restaurant.
O'Neili says that he stopped supplying liquors because West failed to pay for them, and he charges that the suit is brought for blackmail-

on arges that the sur is brough for one amaning purposes.

O'Nell states further that West owes him \$80 for liquors, and that in payment West tendered a check that was returned marked "N. G." It is also alleged that West is now under arrest for having issued the check.

Justice Beach granted the order, but has not yet appointed a receiver.

SUICIDE DAYTON AN EMBEZZLER. The H. B. Cintin Company Claims the \$10,-

000 Life Insurance. Julia A. Dayton has a suit in the Court of Comon Pleas to recover \$10,000, the value of two policies of insurance issued by the Mutual Life Insurance Company to Henry W. Dayton, who committed suicide on March 27. Dayton left his house at 457 Hancock street, Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 24, saving that he was ill and

his house at 457 Hancock street, Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 24, saying 'hat he was ill and that he was going to consult a physician. He was seen at the Imperial Hotel in this city the following day, but disappeared on Monday. He was found dead with a bullet wound in his heart in a little hotel at Eleventh street and Sixth avenue on the following Tuesday. He had shot himself.

The reasons for his suicide were suspected at the time and they have apparently been made plain by the present suff. It was originally brought against the insurance company, but the H. B. Claffin Company was interpleaded as defendant on the ground that Dayton had paid the premiums on the two policies from moneys embezried from the company. It was alleged that his peculiations amounted to much more than \$10,000, so the company put in a claim for the full amount of the two policies.

While the suit is pending the money has been paid into court to remain until it can be determined who is entitled to it. One of the policies was made payable to Mrs. Dayton on her husband's death, and the other was assigned to her. Her lawyers, Baldwin & Blackmar, brought a single suit to recover both policies. The H. H. Claffin Company's lawyers, Gould & Wilkle, argued yesterday before Chief Justice Daly a motion to make them bring two suits, one on each policy. Decision was reserved. those of the committee, seemed inclined to cling to generalities.

"For twenty years," he said, "the police force of this city has run along in a haphazard way, and it has become radically demoralized. It's now in a wild tangle, and it would be an easier matter to codify the laws of the State than to codify those which govern our police. If a man is tried and dismissed he can carry the matter to a higher court and get the decision reversed. I think there ought to be some other and final system. I think it would be a good idea to have something in the way of a court martial by which officers could be tried. That word 'officer,' by the way, is wholly without justification. Policemen are watchmen, not officers. They're called officers, and that's one thing that gives them a false idea of their own importance.

"Of course I can't forecast what the Lexow committee is going to do. I have never forecasted its investigations, I think, however, that before it is through it will bring out the fact conclusively that the Police Department of this city is not properly systematized, and that its work is done in a slipshod way."

When asked about the progress of the police triels Assistant District Attorney Wellman said there were no new developments. He said that no charges have been served upon Capt. Schmittberger.

Ommissioner Martin said that he couldn't

Shot In the Eye with an Air Gun Miss Margaret Hyame, 35 years old, wa struck in the right eye by a shot from an air gun as she was sitting at the rear window of her home on the top floor of 1,305 Third avenue yesterday afternoon. The shot was fired by Charles Pelne of 208 East Seventy-fifth street, who was playing in the yard back of the house. The doctor who attended Miss Hyame said that he could not tell last night whether she would lose her see. he could not tell last night whether she would lose her eye.
Young Peine after firing the shot became frightened at what he had done and ran away. He had not returned home at a late hour last night. His father. Ludwig Peine, said that it was not certain that the boy fired the shot, as there were two other boys in the yard with him, and they all took turns in accusing one another.

no charges have been served upon Capt. Schmittberger.

Commissioner Martin said that he couldn't
tell at present what is to be done in the cases of
Capts. Cross and Devery and ex-Ward Man
tileanon. He did not know whether there was
to be summure judgment in their cases or any
of them. He did not believe that anybody would
be impleaded with Capt. Stephenson. He also
thought the trials would come to an end with
that of Capt. Stephenson, which begins to-day,
"As to the Lexow committees investigation,"
he said, "I do not believe that the Commissioners. Inapectors, and Captains will be represented
by counsel. I cannot say, however, that there
may not be individual counsel. For myself. I'm
ready now to go before the committee."
Commissioner Murray said that he wished to
be understood as holding the same position as
he did before the trials. Although he had done
his duty by attending the trials, were not of his
making. If it should be the wish of the Board
to have him write an opinion regarding the
cases of Devery and the other officers he is willing to do so.
Capt. Stephenson, by advice of his counsel, other.

Although the gun is only a toy, yet the peliet that struck Miss Hyame had already travelled a distance of fully 200 feet. to have him write an opinion regarding the cases of Devery and the other officers he is willing to do so.

Capt. Steobenson, by advice of his counsel, derlined to talk about his case.

"I have nothing to say now," he said, "though I may have something to say later on. Then I will speak to the point."

C. S. Carrothers, Assistant District Attorney Wellman's secretary, has examined since last Friday about 200 merchants who have been summoned by the tirand Jury from four tolked precincts south of West Fourteenth street, and he says that the results of his investigation will be laid before the Grand Jury during the September term.

Although fifty subposnas had been issued by the Grand Jury last Saturday the witnesses were late yesterday, and it was not till about 12:30 o'clock that the first of them, two men and two women, arrived at Mr. Wellman's office. One of the men told a Sux reporter after his examination was over that when the time came he "could tell a dandy story, and one that will open people's eyes, too."

To Study English Ways of Treating Gart

The Commission appointed by Mayor Gilroy to examine plans for disposing of the city's refuse met yesterday in the office of the Supervisor of the Harbor in the Army building. The Anderson system, which is in use in Chicago, was ex-plained by its inventor. Ex-Postmaster-General James, who is one of the Commissioners, will sail for Europe on Saturday in the interest of the Commission. He will visit London and Leeds, and will make a report in a few weeks. The Advisory Commission will meet again on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Von Horn to Get Her Divorce.

The suit of Lena Kalisch Von Horn for an absolute divorce from her husband, George E. Von Horn, was tried yesterday before Judge Mc-And Policeman Lynch Sans There is a Consequence of the Superior Court. There was no defence, Mrs. Von Horn charged that several years ago her haband left her and went to live with another woman. A letter written by Mr. Forty-seventh street station was on trial before Commissioner Murray at Headquarters yeaterday, charged with taking bribes from Richard Von Horn to his wife admitting that her accusations were true, but hoping that a reconcillation might be brought about on account of their day, charged with taking bribes from Richard Von Horn will get her decree.

THE PYTHIAN ENCAMPMENT

PROMISES OF A GREAT GATHERING OF THE UNIFORMED RANK.

The Supreme Lodge May Beelde to Require the Use of the English Language in All the Lodges-The Formal Opening of the Encampment Postponed on Account of the Beath of Congressman Shaw of Wisconoln, Past Supreme Chancellor of the Order,

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.-Expectations with regard to the great blennial encampment of the Knights of Pythias are beginning to be realized, and everything indicates not only a magnificent gathering of the uniform rank, but visitors many thousand in excess of the number predicted. All night long and during every hour to-day trains bearing Pythians and their friends have been discharging their loads at the railroad stations. So great is the influx of people that the Reception Committee have been embarrassed in securing quarters for all of them. The Knights are coming in numbers so greatly in excess of their estimated strength hat 300 additional tents have been erected at Camp George Washington, on the Washington donument grounds. The representation of Knights so far includes contingents from Tennessee, Ohio, New Jersey, Missouri, West Virrinia, Nebraska, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Arkansas, Texas, Kentucky, Wisconsin, Illinois, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Kansas, and

Speaking of the coming meeting of the Supreme Lodge, Supreme Chancellor Blackwell

"Notwithstanding the great record of our order in the past, I am convinced that the pres-ent session is in prospect the most important ever held in our history and promises more for the future of our order than all the previous sessions combined. In short, I may say that a plan will be presented which, if fully developed and harmoniously adopted, will in the near future raise our order to the imperial leadership smong fraternities, by stamping indelibly upon its governmental policy that sublime principle eretofore untaught by other societies of loyalty to government, coupled with a pledge to uphold, practice, and require the use of our na-tional language in our lodges, and to sustain this patriotic idea by declaring that hereafter we will use every means in our power to assist any government under which we live to enforce uphold, and emphasize its national tongue."

A serious question to be decided is whether the ritual shall be translated into German. Some German lodges are disposed to be mutinou

Some German lodges are disposed to be mutinous because this has not been done. The policy of America for Americans has been set up in opposition to this, and Supreme Chancellor Blackwell says that it may come to the point of saying to the German members." Either become citizens of this country or get out of the order."

The question of admitting the Pythian sisters to membership, heretofore refused, and that of allowing liquor dealers to be admitted will also be considered by the Supreme Lodge.

To-night was to witness the formal opening of the encampment by a reception at Convention Hall, at which Vice-President Stevenson was to be the central figure, but the death of Congressman Shaw of Winconsin, a Past Supreme Chancellor of the Order, at his home in Eau Claire this morning, caused a change in the programme. A meeting of the Supreme Lodge was held to take action on Mr. Shaw's death, and it was decided that the reception should not take place, as a mark of esteem to his memory. A meeting of the commanders of the various State brigades has been called to take suitable action.

Affairs were very quiet at the Monument grounds camp during the day. Thousands of persons visited the scene, and a large number of these made the trip to the top of the Washington obelisk. A number of commanderies from out of town arrived at the railread stations and marched to the quarters assigned them, and by nightfall a majority of the 2,000 tents were occupied.

After once declaring off the opening reception

nightfall a majority of the 2,000 tents were occupied.

After once deciaring off the opening reception
at Convention Hall on account of the death of
Congressman Shaw, the Supreme Lodge amended its decision by agreeing that the reception
might be held, but without the sanction of the
supreme officers. The reception was therefore
held, and a very brilliant affair it proved to be.
Addresses of welcome were made by Vice-President Stevenson and President Ross of the Board
of District Commissioners. Mr. Stevenson's
speech was the event of the evening, although it
was very brief.

DROUGHT AND FIRES.

Chautauqua County Still Suffering from

DUNKIRK, Aug. 27.-Chautauqua county i still suffering from drought, grasshoppers, and fire. In spite of watchful precautions, sparks from passing locomotives continue to ignite the tinderlike grass along the railroad lines, and the fires thus started spread rapidly through meadows, woods, and fields. In places the turf is burned more than a foot in depth. Farmers themselves have sometimes inadvertently started the fires by doing what in other seasons they have done with impunity, helped the work of clearing new fields by burning out the stumps and underbrush. This summer the practice has proved disastrous wherever adopted. A fire was started about a fortnight ago in a

proved disastrous wherever adopted. A fire was størted about a fortnight ago in a piece of swamp land, about six miles by four in extent, near the Dunkirk, Alleghany Valley and Pittsburgh Rallroad, between Cassadaga and South Stockton, and is siffl burning. A little rain fell upon it about a week ago and checked it for a time, but it is again raging and spreading beyond the swamp limits. Much valuable timber and long lines of fencing have been burned. The greater portion of these fires are as yet about twelve miles distant from Dunkirk, but a smoky haze has filled the air, even at this distance, for several days.

The grasshoppers, which have been for some time very pleutiful and destructive, are not diminishing. On several occasions lately they have been the means of stopping trains on the Chautauqua Lake road. They are so thick on the rails that when they are smashed by the wheels the rails become slippery, and if the sand has happened to run low in the locomotive sand box it becomes very difficult for the trains to proceed up the steep grade.

Hack rot has for the first time appeared in the Chautauqua grape belt. Grapes were sent about ten days ago from the farm of Orrville Ogden, four miles south of Westfield, to Cornell University for examination. The grapes were black and hard, and presented every appearance of this dreaded grape disease, which has appeared in different parts of the country, but has heretofore been unknown in the Chautauqua grape belt. Fully 20 per cent, of the grapes on this vineyard had dropped off ten days ago, and now Mr. Ogden says that about one-half his crop has already fallen, and the disease is making rapid progress. He fears the loss of the entire crop. This is as yet the only vineyard in the grape belt reported affected.

Forest Fires in Butchess County.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 27.-Forest fires in the town of Pine Plains have burned over about 500 acres of land, and if rain does not fall soon it is feared that the flames will destroy a number of farmhouses at the foot of the mountains. The farmhouses at the foot of the mountains. The first seen of the big blaze was on Friday of last week, when the woods at the lower end of Sitssing Mountain caught fire from a locomotive spark. The fire was driven north nearly to C. C. Moore's farm, one mile south of Pine Plains, and it is still spreading. Owing to the prolonged drought, all the leaves on the ground in the mountains are dry, and the roots and decayed stumps, which are generally too wet to burn, are now like punk, and hold and spread the fire. At night the acres of flames present a grand acene.

1,000 Acres of Forest Burned Over. TROY, Aug. 27. A destructive forest fire, which egan a week ago on Grafton Mountain, in the town of Grafton in this county, is still raging. About 1,000 acros have already been burned and three house consumed, as well as a large quentity of cord wood.

The Yankee Schooner Comet Lost.

PORT JEFFERSON, L. L. Aug. 27. Capt. Aldrich of the schooner Comet of this place sends a despatch from Aracaju, Brazil, that his vessel ran ashore near there and will be a total lo The Captain and crew were saved. The Comet sailed from New York on June 28 under charter to Lawrence, Johnson & Co. of Philadeiphia. She carried a general cargo for Aracaju. Her agents, who are also part owners, are Dayton & Co. of New York. The Comet was built in Port Jefferson in 1877. She was a double-decked, three-master of 286 tons.

Boodle in Lausing.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 27. Affidavits were sworn to this afternoon that a prominent Aiderman agreed for \$1,000 to get through the Common Council a certain architect's plans for the new \$125,000 City Hall, worth \$7,500 to the architect. The disclosures are the result of the work of a citizens' committee.

65 lines 67 for Breach of Promise. DOVER, N. H., Aug. 27. - Cornella Chase, aged 65, of this city, has brought a breach of promise suit against William L. Foat of Somersworth, aged 67, asking \$10,000 damages. The case will come up for a hearing at the September term of the court.

THE SUN, TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, 100 DYNAMITE GUN DEFENDED.

The Partners of the Bend Financier in Min Last Enterprise at Odds. Mills W. Barse and George W. Striker, execu-PRESIDENT KINGMAN REPLIES TO THE ORDNANCE EXPERTS.

ITES SYNDICATE LITTERION.

in a suit recently begun in the Supreme Court

to vacate an order for the examination of the

plaintiff was noticed for hearing yesterday

When the motion was called counsel for some

of the defendants informed Justice Gaynor that

a petition with a bond had been filed removing

the case to the United States Supreme Court.

and argument on the motion was adjourned un-

In his complaint Mr. Phillips alleges that he

Ives, Boone, and Graham formed a syndicate

for buying, controlling, reorganizing and mar-

TROUBLES OF THE GOODRICHES

The Husband Left His Wife Because of Her Devotion to Her Son.

Mrs. Frances A. Goodrich, wife of Dwight A

Goodrich, manager of the Wilmot & Hobbs

Manufacturing Company at 21/2 Murray street,

appeared in the Jefferson Market Police Court

yesterday and asked for a warrant for her hus-

band, charging him with abandonment and

non-support. Mrs. Goodrich had hardly made

her demand when her husband, who had been sitting among the spectators in the court room, stepped forward and announced that there would be no need of serving the warrant as he was ready to explain why he had not furnished

Justice Hogan, seeing that the Goodriches were persons of evident respectability, advised

them to retire with their lawyers to his exam-

Ex-Tax Collector of Bayonne Got a New

York Clerk, and Both Are in Trouble.

Hugo Bruggemann, who was a clerk in the of-

fice of Tax Collector R. C. Coombes of Bayonne,

was arrested shortly before midnight on Sunday at his home, 330 West street, West Hoboken, on

a capias from District Attorney Winfield's office.

Two years ago there was a political change in

Bayonne and Coombes and Bruggemann were

turned out. A shortage of about \$6,000 was

his wife with money.

Brooklyn by Charles F. Phillips. A motion

tors of the late Henry S. Ives, the so-called Na-The Big Gune, He Says, Are the Eastest of All to Fretect Ashore-Their Araliabil-ity Abourd Ship-Docon't Think Powder Can Be Substituted for Compressed Air. poleon of finance, and Wm. C. Boone, Charles H. Graham, George W. Saul, and Henry Morse head, his partners in the syndicate he organized after his release from prison, are the defendants

In answer to the ordnance officers' opinion of he new dynamite guos, as reported in despatches from Washington, Mr. R. T. Kingman, he President of the company which constructs the guns, had this to say to a Sun reporter yes terday afternoon:
"To answer the assertion that the guns can-

not be protected ashore owing to their long protruding barrels, and that six-pounders mounted on ships at a safe distance could destroy the runs completely, it is only necessary to observe that the angle at which they are discharged is very high, and for that reason alone it is easy to protect them, not only by earthworks, but by placing them in a pit, as the angle is such that they can be as readily discharged in that way as if placed behind a parapet and discharged over it. Moreover, the guns can be mounted on sunken emplacements or disappearing carriages, which will leave them exposed only during the brief time it takes to discharge them. As a matter of fact these are the easiest kind of guns o protect, just on account of the fact that they are discharged at a high angle.

"We do not see how it can be said that the guns on the Vesuvius were not a success. The fuses did not work, and that was the only failure. The guns were discharged at an angle of 18 degrees, and, being stationary, they could only be aimed by training the ship. But in one case the accuracy of aim reached 94 per cent. and the average was high. The fault lay more with the Vesuvius than with the guns. Since those experiments the fuses have been perfect-ed, and there is no liability of their ever failing

Ives, Boone, and Graham formed a syndicate for buying, controlling, reorganizing and marketing corporations, and for engaging in other transactions incidental to these. For the purpose of buying stock in the Ohio Southern Railroad Company each member of the syndicate contributed his time, labor, services, or money, and each was to have a share in the profits. Barse came in later and was repaid for the money he invested. Other business ventures were engaged in by the syndicate and large profits were made.

These were not regularly divided, each member making drafts sas he required money. The ventures included the Barney & Smith Cardinantacturing Company, the Michigan Peninsular Car Company, the Fay & Eagan Company, and the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Railway Company. Mr. Phillips avers that the syndicate has large basets in securities some free in the hands of various members, and some hypothecated with persons who have loaned money—and that the accounts of the concern have never been settled. At the death of Mr. Ives the syndicate owned in unhypothecated stock 100 shares in the H. H. Warner Company (Limited) preferred; 20,111 shares of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Railway Company; 2,494 shares of the stock of the Barney & Smith Company; 10 shares of the Terre Haute and Logansport Railroad Company; one share of the stock of the Michigan Peninsular Car Company proferred; 3,503 shares of the same, common; all of the value of \$1,250,000.

By an agreement these securities were put in the hands of Phillips, Boone, and Graliam. The lar Car Company proferred; 3,003 shares of the same, common; all of the value of \$5,250,000. By an agreement these securities were put in the hands of Phillips, Boone, and Graham. The plaintiff alleges that on April 24 Barse got pos-session of the securities by false representations and refuses to surrender them. The suit is for the dissolution of the syndicate and an account-ing. An injunction is sought to prevent Barse from disposing of the securities, and a receiver is also applied for, so that the affairs of the syndi-cate can be liquidated.

with the Vesuvius than with the guns. Since those experiments the fuses have been perfected, and there is no liability of their ever falling again.

"We secured at Sandy Hook a maximum range of 5,900 yards with the lighter projectiles, and a range of 2,500 with the heaviest, which weighed 1,160 pounds. If there are objections to the guns on the score of their limited range, I cannot see how it can be supposed that the situation will be improved by the use of torpedos which have a maximum effective range of only 800 yards, and are unable to use a projectile heavier than 200 pounds. They have a range less than one-third that of a pneumatic gun. We can secure a greater range by a greater elevation, and it is unjust to say that it does not appear possible to improve the gun in this respect. Its range has already been increased from time to time, and we have plans now which look toward the ultimate attainment of a range of five miles.

"The statement that so sensitive an explosive as dynamite can be discharged by the igniting of powder or any such agent is directly opposed to what we have learned from experiments. The Government has been trying it for years and has had accident after accident. The most that was ever accomplished in that direction has been the discharge of from 36 to 40 pounds of a high explosive, not of the sensitive kind, and that has been done by the use of emmensite. But that was without a detonator. We discharge 500 nounds with a pneumatic gun. Besides, this would require such a heavy shell that there would be little room for the explosive. "The velecity of the projectile from the pneumatic gun is not 600 feet a second, as an ordinance expert in Washington is quoted as saying, but between 800 and 900 feet. But the expert allows us a speed 100 feet a second greater than that which he says is possible in a rife which would secure a flatter trajectory. The cost of a steel gun may be less than that of a dynamite gun, but there is not the continuous expense for powder and explosives.

gun, but there is not the continuous expense for powder and explosives.

"If a cruiser can get away from our gun, how could she be overtaken by a torpedo, which has a speed of only twenty knots an hour? Moreover, we can make allowances as well as any other gun can for change in the position of the target, and, unlike a torpedo, the projectile from a dynamite gun cannot be stopped by wire netting. The gun is not perfect yet, but we maintain that it is the best weapon of the kind that has so far been invented."

HE ADVERTISED FOR WIDOWS. Letters from Them to the Man who Swindled the Hackensack Widow.

were persons of evident respectability, advised them to retire with their lawyers to his examination room and adjust their difficulties if possible, as he was sure it was nothing more than a family quarrel. They came before the Justice again in a few minutes, and said they would like an adjournment until to-morrow, hoping in the mean time to settle their trouble. This was granted, and they left the court together.

When Mrs. Goodrich married her present husband she was a widow and had a son, who is now 20 years of age. Of this son she was extremely fond, and it seems that in time Mr. Goodrich became displeased at the share of her time and attention which she devoted to the young man. In January Mr. Goodrich left his wife, and since April 9 has not contributed anything toward her support. He is President of the Bath Beach Smoking Club and went to the club house to live, leaving his wife in a boarding house in Thirty-second street, opposite the imperial Hotel.

Mr. Goodrich told Justice Hogan that most of the money he had given his wife she had transferred to her son, allowing him to do with it as he pleased, and showing him much more love and attention than she did her husband. He became tired of this kind of thing, and concluded if she leved her son so much the son ought to support her. William Sanders of Hoboken, who answered a matrimonial advertisement of Mrs. Augusta Mattjetschaak, a Hackensack widow, married her, borrowed \$1,000 to buy a saloon, and deserted her when the honeymoon was only two days old, can find several letters from widows and other aspirants for matrimonial blis awaiting him in the Hoboken Police Headquar-

awaiting him in the Hoboken Police Headquarters. Sanders seems to have made a business of answering matrimonial advertisements, and of advertising for wealthy widows.

One of the letters is signed Mrs. H. Schecker, 694 Chauncey street, Brooklyn. She has been a widow for five years, she says, and she thinks she would just suit the requirements of Sanders's advertisement. She is not wealthy, but she has a little money. Another letter comes West End, L. L., and is signed Mrs. Charlotte Doutsch. She has no money, but alse is a first-class cook, and she knows that she could make "Willle" happy. The police have not been able to find any trace of Sanders.

Thursday's Exercises at Ocean Grove.

Hayonne and Coombes and Bruggemann were turned out. A shortage of about \$6,000 was discovered in Coombes's accounts. He said Bruggemann was responsible. They were both charged with embezzlement.

Bruggemann's mother paid Coombes money to save her son from prison. He does not know how much she paid, but says the receipts among his mother's papers will show. Bruggemann declares that he is innocent. He says he procured the clerkship through an advertisement in a New York paper which read: "Clerk wanted in an office six miles from New York city; salary, \$40 a month."

"I wondered." Bruggemann says, "why Coombes advertised for a clerk when he could have procured one in Bayonne, and asked him about it. He explained that the people in the office a short time the janitor told me that my pay warrants were drawn for \$60 a month. I said nothing about it because I was glad to get the \$40. The warrants were drawn to the order of R. C. Coombes or Hugo Bruggemann.

"Coombes always had them cashed and paid me the \$40. Afterward he paid me \$50. The door of the safe and the money drawer were always left open, so that anybody could help himself. I called Coombes's attention to this, but he seemed to think it was all right."

Coombes has a suit against Bruggemann for \$4,000. They will be tried for embezzlement at the September term. The camp meetings at Ocean Grove this year ave been unusually successful. The great new auditorium has been thronged with people at each service. The young people's meetings in their temple, led by the Rev. C. H. Yatman of the "forward movement" in this city, have

These great meetings will close on Thursday. when all the forces will be convened. An in portant feature of the exercises on Thursday will be the ceremonies in connection with the laying of the corner stone of the new audi-torium. These ceremonies have been delayed until that day in order that the names of all

until that day in order that the names of all the contributors to the new auditorium might be placed in the corner stone.

The Metropolitan Church and Society Excursion Union have made arrangements with the Pennsylvania Raliroad to run a special excursion train on that day for the accommodation of all who desire to attend the exercises. The excursion will start from Brooklyn at 9 A. M. and from this city at 9:30 A. M. It is expected that there will be two sections of this train, in which case the first section of the return train will leave Ocean Grove at 7 P. M.; the second at 10 o'clock. The cost of the round trip will be 11. Tickets may be obtained from the committee at the ferry entrances on the morning of the excursion.

Cases of Small-pox Concenied.

Saturday to Riverside Hospital from the ten

Two more children who had been sick with

small-pox and had recovered were removed on

ment 45 New Bowery. On Friday Dr. Doty's

Superintendent Stump to Inspect Foreign

Superintendent Stump of the Bureau of Immi

Dr. Edward Beecher's 91st Birthday

The Rev. Edward Beecher, the cluest surviv

celebrated yesterday his 91st birthday at his

Har 1634 Birthday.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 27.-Nancy M. Walker cel-

ebrated her 103d birthday in this city on Satur-

Affairs of the Sixty-sinth A preliminary inspection of Company C of the The Pennsylvania Shows Big Decreases Sixty-ninth Battalion was held last night by

Major Edward Duffy. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.-Statement of the Capt. John O'Connell had more than fifty men business of all lines of the Pennsylvania Railon the floor of the armory, and Major Duffy exroad Company. All lines east of Pittsburgh and pressed pleasure at the appearance of the men and the manner in which they turned out for Erie for July, 1894, as compared with the same Inspection.

If was expected that Company B, the new company lately mustered in under the command of Capt. Edward T. McCrystal, would be inspected also, but all the new uniforms had not arrived.

Adjt. Spellman expects to have his new company mustered in without delay, as does also Sergeaut W. O'Neill, who is also organizing a company. This will be force enough to make the battalion a regiment once again.

8792,722 24 671,031 28 121,690 96 A decrease in gross earnings of.
A decrease in expenses of.
A decrease in net earnings of The seven months of 1894, as compared with the same period of 1893, show: A decrease in gross earnings of ... A decrease in expenses of ... A decrease in net earnings of ... All lines west of Pittsburgh and Eric for July, 1894, as compared with the same month in 1803, show:

RAILROAD STATEMENTS.

A decrease in gross earnings of.
A decrease in expenses of.
A decrease in net earnings of. The seven months of 1894, as compared with the same period of 1893, show:

ment 45. New Bowery. On Friday Dr. Doty's inspectors found that a child had died of smallpox, and that two Italian infants had been down with the disease and were well. On Saturday they learned that two other children living in the house had been taken to a dispensary in Delancey street for treatment. The inspectors hunted them up and found that they, too, had had small-pox, but they had recovered. Dr. Doty has ascertained that no physician had been called to attend the cases in the New Bowery house.

gration will sail to-morrow on the American liner New York for a six weeks' tour of Europe, He will make an inspection of the principal ports of departure on the other side. Mr. Stump left Washington last evening for this city, and will spend several hours at Elis Island to-day with Commissioner Senner. He probably will be ac-companied abroad by Assistant Commissioner McSweeney. ing member of the famous family of that name, celebrated yesterday his blat birthday at his home at 182 Macon street, Brooklyn. He was assisted in receiving the visitors who called to congratulate him by his venerable wife and Miss Voice Adams Receiver, their adopted daughter. In spite of his extreme age Dr. Heecher is still in the enjoyment of good health and spirits.

Jacksonville to Washington in 15 Hours 49 Minutes.

The Knights of Pythias special train that left Jacksonville at 3:20 o'clock, central time, on Sunday afternoon (via Plant system, in connection with Atlantic ('oast line, R. F. and P. R. R., and Pennsylvania, R. R.) arrived in Washington at 8.00 o'clork preserving making the run in 15 hours and 49 minutes. This run was quicker by 3 hours and 41 minutes than any before made between the two cities.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and onjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the

remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weak-ening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-gists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BRIDGE TRUSTEES SUE. They Want John Dubots to Pay His Ref.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.- The trustees of the Brooklyn Bridge and the corporations of the cities of New York and Brooklyn have begun suit in the United States Court in this city sgainst John E. Dubois, the lumber operator of this city and Dubois. Pa., to recover \$9,000 costs in one of its bridge litigations. Mr. Dubois, the defendant, is a nephew and the executor of the estate of John Dubois, deceased, who brought suit against the cities of New York and

tor of the estate of John Dubols, deceased, who brought suit against the cities of New York and Brooklyn to recover \$0.50,000 for alleged infringements in the construction of the Brooklyn Bridge of patents held by him.

The mutual agreement of the parties in the suit provided for a Board of Referees, those appointed being S. V. White of Brooklyn. Sheriff C. M. Clancy of New York, and ex-Judge Gilbert of Brooklyn. It was mutually agreed that the referees should receive \$25 each for every meeting they held, the sessions lasting from noon until 4 o'clock, the defeated party to pay the bill.

The referees reported adversely to the Dubols estate, and the \$6,000 involved in the present suit represents the bill for fees. Mr. Dubols refused to pay until he had investigated the bill, he having been provided with none of the details of the account. He placed the matter in the hands of William Eccles, Jr., his agent in this city.

Mr. Eccles visited New York, and claimed on his return that he had discovered evidences of barefaced corruption on the part of the bridge officials. Mr. Eccles drew up a statement in which he says that but five sessions were held, the bill for which would amount to \$575, leaving an overcharge of \$8,425. The bridge officials to begin the present action. Counsel for the complainants contend that the referees had sworn to the bill, and the bridge trustees have suggested that the investigation had better rest until the suit here is decided.

STAMFORD'S NEW CITY HALL. Special Town Meeting Votes Against

STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 27.-Stamford mehanics, laborers, and storekeepers believe in protection to home industries, and, so far as cossible, will see that that principle is carried out in awarding contracts for public work. Re-

cently it was voted to build a high school buildng, at a cost of \$50,000 to the town. The committee in charge of the work secured the services of a New York architect to draw the pians, though there are several good architects in town. This caused considerable unfavorable comment. In order to prevent the letting of the contract to out-of-town builders, the mechanics, laborers, and business men had the Selectmen call a special town meeting for the public expression of opinion on this subject. It was heid this morning, and a resolution was passed that no estimates be accepted for building except from residents of Stamford. Inasmuch as out-of-town builders have, in response to an advertisement, sent in bids, it is said that they may hold the town legally liable if these estimates are thrown out because of this vote. the plans, though there are several good archi-

Whiskey Agent Deitz's Troubles.

Harry N. Deitz of New Albany, Ind., an agent or whiskey distilleries in Louisville and Lansingburg, Ky., was arraigned in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday charged with false representation and felony, and was held in \$2,000 for examination on Friday. Deitz was arrested on Saturday at the instigation of John Kelly of 340 East Thirty-sixth street, who on Aug. 15 bought from Deitz four barrels of whiskey which were stored at Lansingburg and on which he paid \$100. Deltz gave him ware-house receipts for the whiskey, and when Kelly sent for it he was informed that only \$40 had been received from Deltz, and that the latter had no right to give warehouse receipts to anybody. Yesterday John F. Brady of 650 Seventh avenue appeared against Deftz, and said that on Aug. 8 he had paid him \$129.93 for whiskey. When he wrote to the distillery the sale was repudiated.

pudiated.

Deitz said that at the examination everything would be satifactorily explained.

Major Thomas of the Mariborough Hotel was in court, and made a strong plea for Deitz, saying that he had known him from boyhood, and that he was an honest man.

Broadway Cars Don't Make Time Mondays. The new schedule for the Broadway cable road lessens the length of the run from the Central Park to the Battery by fourteen minutes. There was no effort to keep the cars up to the There was no effort to keep the cars up to the new schedule yesterday, as a number of extra cars are always put on the line every Monday, and it is impossible to keep up to the schedule speed. The regular number of cars run daily is 150, and twenty-two are known as "trippers," and run for a short time. On Mondays the number is much increased. Yesterday there were in all 202 cars in use at times during the day.

Providing More Water for Brooklyn. City Works Commissioner White of Brooklyn nnounced yesterday that he would at once complete the contract with W. D. Andrews & o. for an additional increase of water from the driven wells along the water supply system. The first additions will be made at the Jamalea Park station. He expects that an additional supply of 2,000,000 gallons daily will be secured at a cost of \$10,000. Mr. White thinks that, with proper economy, there will be no dearth of water in Brooklyn pending the completion of the plans for the ±5,000,000 gallons increase.

Bramonds by Registered Mail.

well-known diamend importing house o this city received yesterday by registered mail a lot of diamonds directed to it in charge of the Collector of the Port of New York. This posseceding is not only unusual, but irregular. However, the house can obtain the diamonds, which are valued at 32,000 france, by paying to the Collector a fine equal to the duty.

Took Carbolic Acid by Mistake, Henry Balsur, 35 years old, a porter who lives

at 33% Wright avenue, Marion, N. J., went into Chambers Street Hospital yesterday suffering great pain. The man had, by mistake, drank some crude carbolic acid, and his throat and windpipe were frightfully burned. It was stated at the hospital last night that the sufferer had a chance of recovering.

The Side-wheeler George Law Burned. BRIDGETON, N. J., Aug. 27. The side-wheel steamer George Law was burned to the water's edge at the wharf here this morning. A deck hand and firemen, who were asleep on the hoat bardly escaped. They lost all their clothing. The best ran between Haltimore and Tulchester last summer, and between Bridgeton and Phila-delphia this summer.

pected of creating the wildest kind of chaos in the house of Val Heyerdahl, at 3 Cooley place, concluding their performance by trying to burn it The boys are known to have forged an order on which Grocer Rocher let them have some ginger snaps, boiled ham, and a can of con-densed milk, and another on which Justice of the Peace Van Arsdale, who keeps a livery stable, let them get possession of a horse and wagon. The boys drove about the country all night and a good part of the next day, and did not start for home until their provisions gave out. They only got forty-two cents' worth of provisions, and would never have been arrested had it not been for the Heverdahl burglary. The police thought the boys would tell all about the burglary as soon as they were arrested for forgery, but Jesse is a sturdy and bright-witted youngster, and has not told any-thing, and Eliss, Jr., never does anything but follow his brother's example, so he has told

MOUNT VERNON'S BAD BOYS.

THE AUTHORITIES DON'T KNOW

The Small Sons of Lawyer Stone Were

Considered Models Until They Took to Alleged House Burning and Forging,

Just what to do with the small sons of Lawyer

Elias M. Stone, who does business at 21 Park row and lives at 1 Cooley place, Mount Verson,

is puzzling the authorities of Mount Vernon not

years, and Elias, Jr., aged 10 years, who are sup

The youngsters are Jesse, aged 13

WHAT TO DO WITH THEM.

Meantime both the boys are very sorry if for nothing else than because, up to Aug. 13, whom they held their excursion, they were looked upon as the best boys in the neighborhood, and now they have been found out. They were always together and did not seem to care for the company of other boys. This kept them out of the usual boyish scrapes, and possibly led

nothing.

the company of other boys. This kept them out of the usual boyish scrapes, and possibly led them to let off all their pent-up capacity for mischlef at once in Heyerdahl's home. A whole lot of people believe this at any rate.

Had the case been disposed of yesterday Jessa would probably have been sent to the House of Refuge, and Elias, Jr., because of his youth, would have been allowed to go home with his father. Justice Bard is a kindly man, interested in what is best for the future of the boy as well as for the wellfare of his neighbors, and he thought, too, that the police, with more time, might get some more proof cannecting the boys with the Heyerdahl fire.

The boys accordingly were not taken to court at all, but were arrasigned in Justice Bard's private office around the corner at 3 South Fourth avenue. Lawyer Stone and their uncle, Mr. Price, who lives on Chester Hill, was with them. The examination was postponed until Wednesday. A new bond was made out, and Mr. Price hecame surety for his Nephew Jesse in \$200 to relieve Col. Cooley of that responsibility. Col. Cooley built most of the houses in Cooley place, and gave ball for Jesse the day the boys were arrested.

And now it must be told that Elias, Jr., probably falled once to execute his brother Jesse's orders. Some one wrote a note inviting the Lyonses, who are near neighbors of the Heyerdahl's to spend the afternoon at a friend a house. The note was found near Lyons's house, This friend did not write the invitation, and it is supposed that Jesse wrote it to lessen his chances of being caught in Mr. Heyerdahl's house by getting the Lyons family to leave home, and that Elias, Jr., falled to deliver it.

Jesse in all their escapades planned, and Elias, Jr., obeyed. If Elias failed Jesse this time it was the first time on record. Jesse's last exploit was to bring home a revolver. He says he found it in the woods.

MURDER SUSPECTED.

Bleen Living with a Half-Breed Indian. PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 27 .- On Tuesday last Mary Ann La France, who had been living with Isaac White, a half-breed on the Indian reservation at Hogansburgh, mysteriously disappeared. Evidences of foul play lead to the belief that she has been murdered by her para-mour. A trail of blood leading from White's house through the lots back of the premise was discovered early on Wednesday morning, This same neighbor found White in his field, and the half-breed at once called his attention to the the half-breed at once called his attention to the blood trail, attributing it to a horse whose foot had been cut. The trail stopped after crossing a fence which had been recently torn down, and where there were fresh wagon tracks. It is be-lieved that the body was loaded into a wagon at that point and carried away. Blood was found on the box and front wheels of White's wagon, and also on the handle and blade of an axe in the house.

and also on the handle and blade of an axe in the house.

White professes to be entirely ignorant of how the blood stains came there, and says that he drove Mrs. LaFrance to Massena on the day she disappeared, leaving her on the road just outside the village. She said she would return on Saturday. The woman was in a delicate condition at the time. White has not been arrested, but is under surveillance. Efforts are being made to find the body, which is supposed to have been sunk in the St. Lawrence River.

The parlor of a large frame house at 32 South Sixth street, Mount Vernon, occupied by Charles Davis, his family, and three boarders, was gutted by fire on Sunday night. The Davises came to New York on Sunday afternoon, and returned at midnight to find their home almost destroyed. Two weeks ago there was a fire in the cellar and another in an outhouse. Mr. Dayis thinks some one who has a grudge against him is trying to burn him out. He says he has no enemies, un-less they are former boarders who objected to being turned out because they were in arrears.

Upset and Drowned in Lake Eric.

BUFFALO. Aug. 27.—Edward Landcraft, 18 years old, of Stone Bridge, near Port Colborns, Ont., was drowned while sailing on the lake yes terday afternoon, and his brother Fred and Wilterday atternoon, and his brother Fred and Wil-liam Roos were rescued in an exhausted con-dition. The young men were caught in a squall and their boat capsized. They clung to the upturned boat for three hours, drifting at the mercy of the wayes. Landcraft finally be-came exhausted, and, losing his hold, was drowned. The other two were picked up by the excursion steamer Tyman and taken to Port Colborne.

Shot and Killed by Her Cousin,

SCHENEGTADY, Aug. 27 .- Maud Capron, aged 14. daughter of William D. Capron of this city, while visiting at her uncle's, Henry Dunbar, near Schoharie village, last Saturday, was acci-dentally shot by her cousin, a boy about her own age, and died in a few hours. The charge en-tered her right side and came out near the spinal column. The boy let the gun fall, which caused its discharge.

The Weather.

The high pressure which has given us the long spell of fair weather is passing northeastward, and cloudy showery conditions are moving this way from the Southern States and the lake regions. A modern storm was apparently developing yesterday on the North Carolina and Virginia coasts. Over the western haif of the country the weather was generally fair.

It was fair and pleasant in this city. Highest official temperature 77°, lowest 61°; average humidity, 77 per cent.: wind northwest, average velocity 19 miles an hour; barometer corrected to read to sea evel at 8 A. M., 80.10; 8 P. M., 30.07. building recorded the temperature yesterday as fol-

1893 1894 8.60 P. M 87 776 - 57 67 8 8.60 P. M 87 776 - 50 65 0 P. M 87 776 - 80 65 0 P. M 87 09 - 64 70 12 Mid. 72 67

Average on Aug. 27, 1893 WARHINGTON FORECAST FOR TURBDAY.
For Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont, fair; warmer; south winds. For eastern New York, fair; warmer; southwest

For Hassachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut, fair; warmer; east winds, becoming south.
For eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair;
warmer; east winds, becoming southwest.
For the District of Columbia, Delaware, and Maryland, fair; warmer; northeast winds, becor

For western Pennsylvania, fair; southwest winds. For western New York, fair: warmer; southwest

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NO EXTRA CHARGE. Messenger knows the rates,

day last. Her maiden name was Nancy Hill, and she was born sixteen miles from what is now Burlington, Vt. She remembers going to achool when Washington was serving his sec-ond term.